

Solving the Schrodinger eq.

$$OZ \Rightarrow \hat{H} = \begin{pmatrix} E_0 & -A \\ -A & E_0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} \text{eigenvalues} \\ E_1 = E_0 + A \\ E_2 = E_0 - A \end{matrix}$$

I will

$$|\psi(t)\rangle = C_+(t)|+\rangle + C_-(t)|-\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} C_+(t) \\ C_-(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$i\hbar \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} C_+(t) \\ C_-(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} E_0 - A & \\ & E_0 + A \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} C_+(t) \\ C_-(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} i\hbar \dot{C}_+(t) = E_0 C_+(t) - A C_-(t) \\ i\hbar \dot{C}_-(t) = -A C_+(t) + E_0 C_-(t) \end{cases}$$

$$X = C_+ + C_- \Rightarrow C_+ = \frac{1}{2}(X + Y)$$

$$Y = C_+ - C_- \Rightarrow C_- = \frac{1}{2}(X - Y)$$

$$i\hbar (\dot{C}_+ + \dot{C}_-) = E_0 (C_+ + C_-) - A (C_+ + C_-)$$

$$\text{if substit} \quad i\hbar \dot{X} = E_0 X - A X \rightarrow X(t) = X(0) \cdot e^{-i(E_0 - A)t/\hbar}$$

$$i\hbar \dot{Y} = (E_0 + A) Y \rightarrow Y(t) = Y(0) \cdot e^{-i(E_0 + A)t/\hbar}$$

$$C_+(t) = \frac{1}{2}(X + Y) = \frac{1}{2} e^{-iE_0 t/\hbar} (X(0) e^{iAt/\hbar} + Y(0) e^{-iAt/\hbar})$$

$$C_-(t) = \frac{1}{2} e^{-iE_0 t/\hbar} (X(0) e^{iAt/\hbar} - Y(0) e^{-iAt/\hbar}) \quad \text{suppose } |\psi(0)\rangle = |-\rangle$$

$$C_+(t) = \frac{1}{2} e^{-iE_0 t/\hbar} (e^{iAt/\hbar} - e^{-iAt/\hbar}) = i e^{-iE_0 t/\hbar} \sin\left(\frac{At}{\hbar}\right)$$

$$C_-(t) = e^{-iE_0 t/\hbar} \cos\left(\frac{At}{\hbar}\right)$$

$$|-\rangle = C_+(0)|+\rangle + C_-(0)|-\rangle$$

$$C_+(0) = 0, C_-(0) = 1$$

$$X(0) = 1, Y(0) = -1$$

□

II

$$c_1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |1\rangle - \frac{c_1}{\sqrt{2}} |-1\rangle + \frac{c_2}{\sqrt{2}} |1\rangle + \frac{c_2}{\sqrt{2}} |-1\rangle$$

$$|\psi(0)\rangle = c_1 |E_1\rangle + c_2 |E_2\rangle$$

$$\left(\frac{c_1 + c_2}{\sqrt{2}}\right) |1\rangle + \left(\frac{-c_1 + c_2}{\sqrt{2}}\right) |-1\rangle \quad \checkmark$$

$$|\psi(t)\rangle = c_1 e^{-i(E_0 + A)t/\hbar} |E_1\rangle + c_2 e^{-i(E_0 - A)t/\hbar} |E_2\rangle \quad |\psi(0)\rangle = |1\rangle$$

$$\langle E_1 | \psi \rangle = c_1 \langle E_1 | E_1 \rangle + c_2 \langle E_1 | E_2 \rangle$$

$$1 = c_1 |E_1\rangle + c_2 |E_2\rangle \Rightarrow c_1 = \langle E_1 | 1 \rangle = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$c_2 = \langle E_2 | 1 \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$E_1 = \frac{1}{\hbar} (1 + A) - 1 = A$$

$$|\psi(t)\rangle = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-iE_0 t/\hbar} \left(e^{-iAt/\hbar} |E_1\rangle - e^{iAt/\hbar} |E_2\rangle \right) \quad \checkmark$$